How Behavioral Science Can Inform Financial Decision-making

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The three C's

- Context
- Construal
- Capacity

Milgram's Obedience Studies

"Teachers" punish "learners" (confederates') errors with a shock generator...



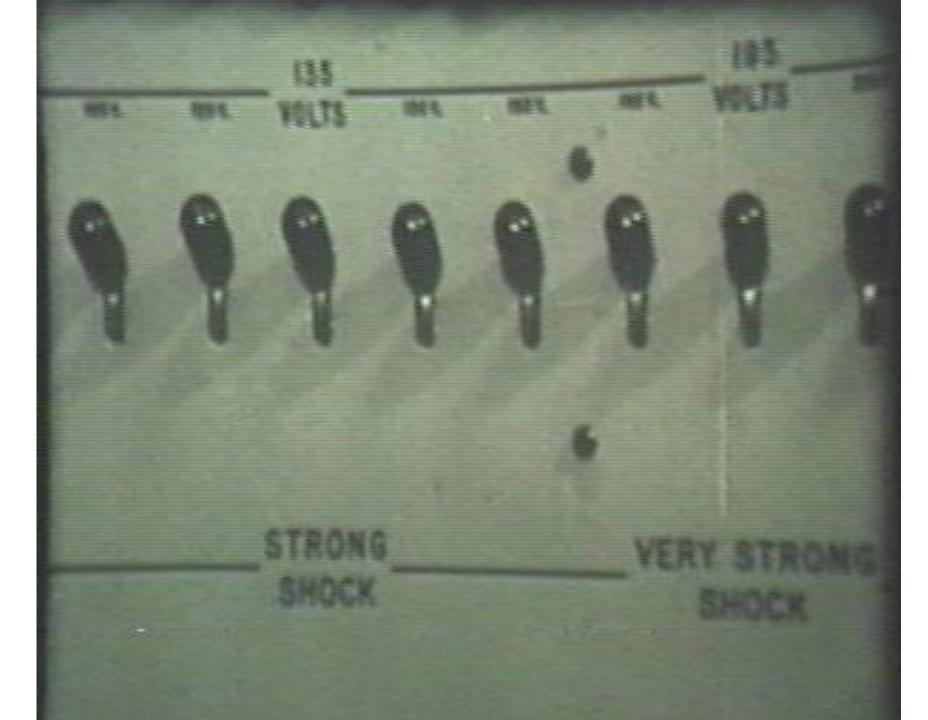
Voltage increased with each incorrect answer, from 15 volts ("mild shock"), to 375 volts ("Danger: severe shock"), to 450 volts ("XXX")

- 75 -105 volts: grunts
- 150 volts: "Get me out of here! I told you I had heart trouble. My heart's starting to bother me now. I refuse to go on!" ...
- 270 volts: screams of agony ...
- 330 volts: silence

Prods:

- "please continue"
- "the experiment requires that you continue"
- "it is absolutely essential that you continue"
- "you must go on"...





At what point will the "teacher" refuse to obey?

Milgram asked psychiatrists, students, and other adults for their predictions:

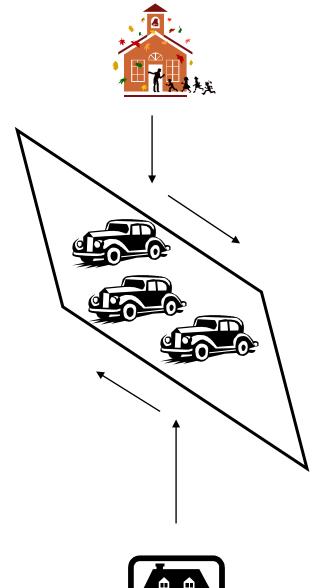
- everyone predicted disobedience
- average prediction: 135 volts
- no one predicted they would go beyond 300 volts
- psychiatrists predicted 1/1000 would go to 450 volts

Instead:

Every participant obeyed up to 300 volts! 65% went all the way to 450 volts!

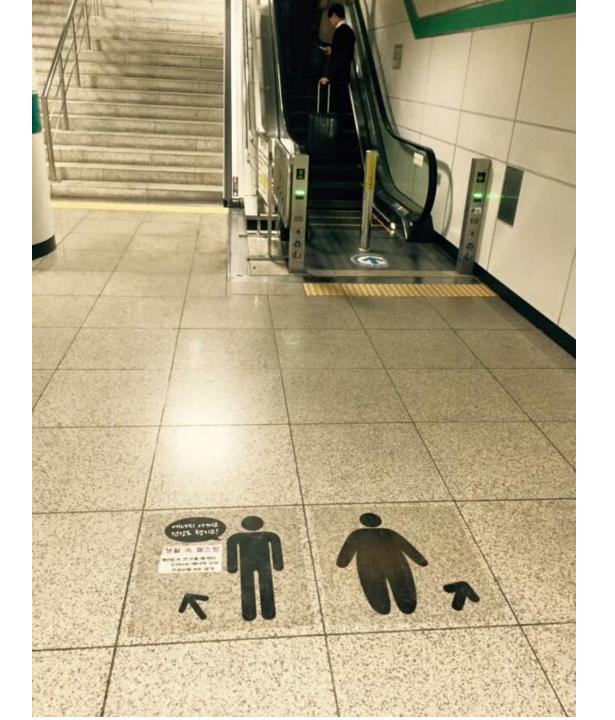
The Power of the Situation

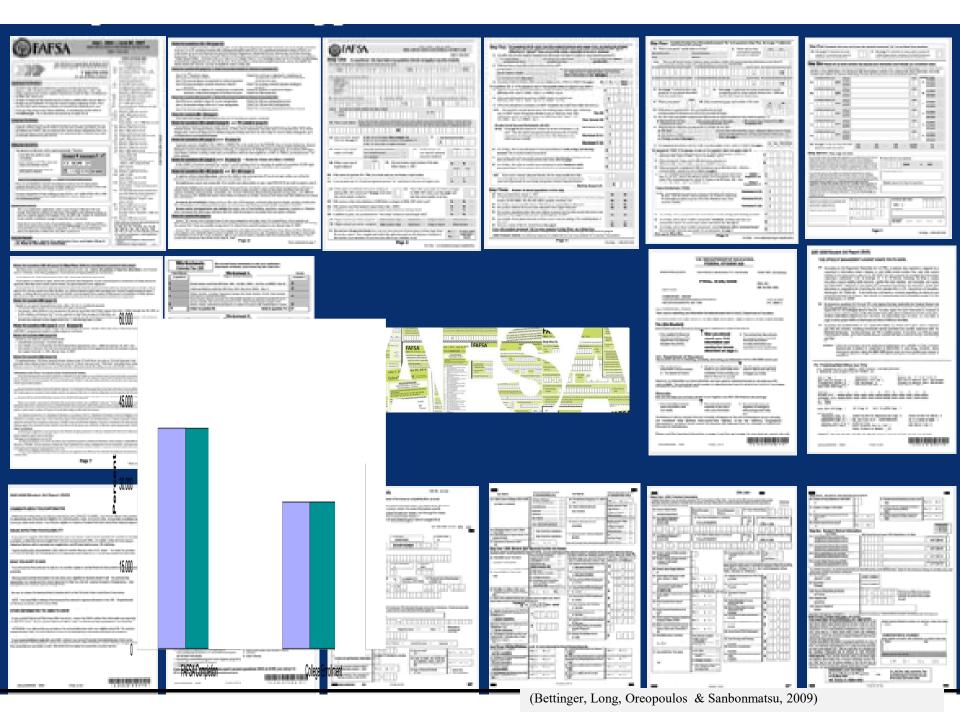
The Tendency to Underestimate the Power of the Situation











A failure to appreciate the power of Context!!!





ward Mobility in the United States fth Starting from the Bottom Fifth by Metro Area

Charlotte 4.4% Atlanta 4.5%

equality-of-opportunity.org

orm, a disease of

extreme poverty, is thriving in the US south. Why?

The prisoners, Patton observes, have "no sense of human relationships," and live in filth like "lazy locusts." Patton marvels "that beings alleged to be made in the form of God can look the way they do or act the way they act." "Some believe that the Displaced Person is a human being, which he is not, and this applies particularly to the Jews, who are lower than animals."

(Lichtblau, 2014)

Construal

A trivial but profound fact:

Decisions are not about objective states of the world, but about our mental representations of those states.

The Pleasure of Driving a Nice Car

	BMW	Honda Accord	Ford Escort	Significance
Students predict	4.53	3.10	1.91	< .001
Fac / staff report (cars mentioned)	4.99	4.21	3.38	< .01
Web Survey report (cars mentioend)	4.88	4.19	3.50	< .01
Episodic reports (cars unmentioend) Fac / Staff				
Episodic reports (cars unmentioend) Web Survey				

Reported intensity of 10 (averaged) positive emotions (0=not at all; 6=very much. (Schwarz & Xu, 2011)



The poor (along with homeless and welfare recipients are stereotyped as low on and competence (and several other traits...)

(Fiske et al.)

- both "fast" and "slow"...



Stimuli 36 rich / poor pairs

(Where "rich" is judged richer than "poor")





1B_b26_rich30.png 3A_b21_poor16.png















13A_b32_poor59.png

18A_w25_poor17.png









5A_b10_poor52.png





























































57B_w34_poor11.png













50A_w12_rich15.png







47B_w4_poor33.png

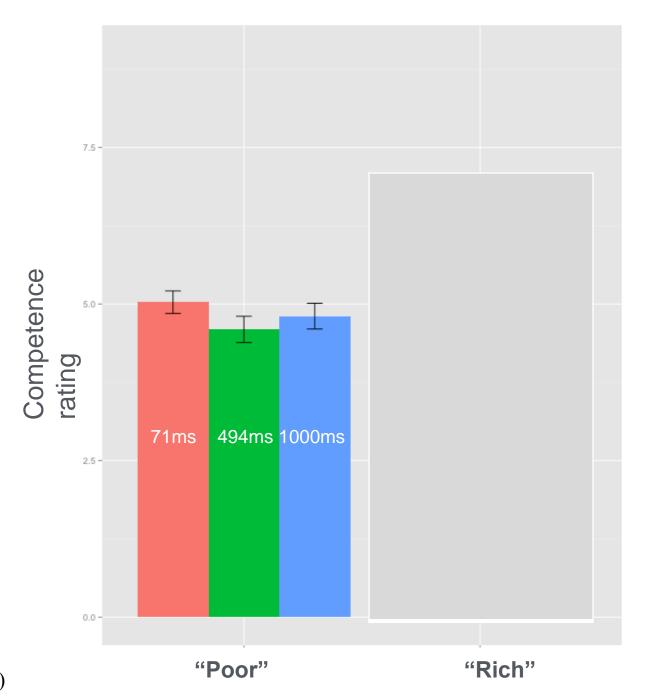


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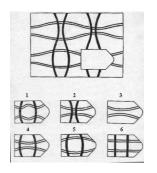
How competent is this person?

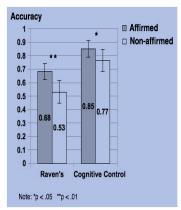


Affirmation...









Offered welfare benefits packages:	<u>Neut</u>	<u>ral</u> <u>Affii</u>	<u>med</u>
Stopped to consider:	44%	58%	
Of those, took the information:	36%	79%	p=.03
(Total take up:)	16%	46%	p<.01

Positive Net worth: Who is better off?

Asset & Debt Levels

	High	Low	
	(\$20,000 assets,	(\$11,000 assets,	
	\$10,000 debt)	\$1,000 debt)	
Positive			
Net Worth	WORSE	BETTER	
(\$10,000)			

Negative Net worth: Who is better off?

Asset & Debt Levels

	High	Low
	(\$10,000 assets,	(\$1,000 assets,
	\$20,000 debt)	\$11,000 debt)
Negative Net Worth (-\$10,000)	BETTER	WORSE

Who is better off? (Positive Net Worth)

\$130k assets \$0 debt \$790k assets \$625k debt

(\$130k net worth)

>

(\$165k net worth)

Who is better off? (Negative Net Worth)

\$715k assets \$875k debt \$0k assets \$145k debt

(-\$160k net worth) worth)



(-\$145k net

The nature of experience and expectation...

- Malleable...constructed...
- Recalling vacations, medical procedures,...
- Coming up with \$2000 within 30 days...
- Evaluating consumption...
- etc.

Suppose you bought a case of a good 1982 Bordeaux in the futures market for \$20 a bottle. The wine now sells at auction for about \$75 a bottle. You have decided **drink** a bottle of this wine with dinner. Which of the following best captures your feeling of the cost to you of drinking this bottle? (Check one).

a) Drinking the bottle does not feel like it costs me anything.
 I paid for the bottle already, many years ago, and probably don't remember exactly what I paid for it anyway.

32%

- b) ...feels like it costs me \$20, the amount I roughly remember paying 17%
- c) ...feels like it costs me \$20, the amount I originally paid for it, plus whatever the interest would have been on the money I paid.
- 6%
- d) ...feels like it costs me \$75, the amount it would take to replace it.
- 18%

f) ...feels like I saved \$55, because I am able to drink a \$75 bottle for which I only paid \$2

27%

(Shafir & Thaler, 2006)

Which answer would you choose if instead of giving the bottle away, you dropped the bottle and **broke** it? How much would it feel like you had lost in this case?

(a) \$0	9%
(b) \$20	25%
(c) \$20 plus interest	9%
(d) \$75	56%
(e) a \$55 saving (relative to a bottle	1%

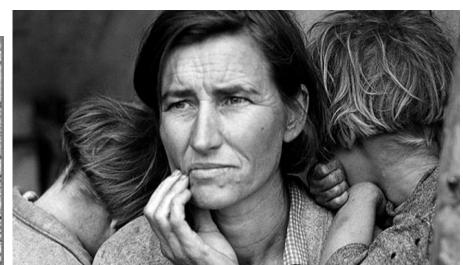
recently)

(Shafir & Thaler, 2006)



A source of demand on cognitive capacity...





(Very!) Limited Bandwidth



(Strayer et al., Human Factors, 2006)



(Hyman et al., 2010)



(Bronzaft & McCarthy, 1975; Bronzaft, 1981)

Processing load	% choose cake	
Low (remember only 2 digits)	41%	
High (remember 7 digits)	63%	

(Shiv and Fedorikhin, 1999)

The Scarcity mindset

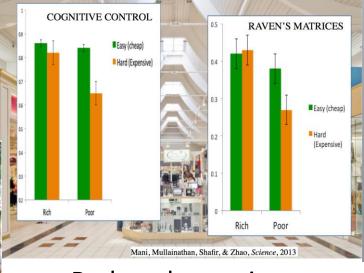
Poverty hijacks the focus and content of thoughts, and leaves reduced bandwidth (both "fast" & "slow")

(Mani et al., 2013; Mullainathan & Shafir, 2013; Shah et al. 2012)



Tunneling...





Reduced capacity

0.35 PD 0.3 B Low-Income High-Income 0.25 0.15 0.15 0.10 Man Money

A visit to the doctor

Imagine that you have been feeling sick lately and finally decide to go see a..appointments to see the doctor in the coming months

(Shah et al., 2017)

Thinking & worrying...





(Cheek, Wu, & Shafir, 2018)

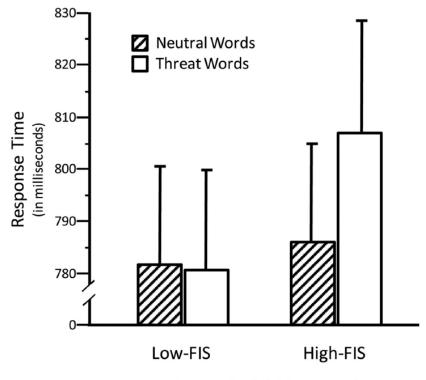
Identify ink color for *RETIREMENT* (versus *ALUMINUM*)

Financial inhibition scale (FIS) used to assess respondents' degree of *retirement-linked financial fears and worries*.

Words in threat category:

401K, elderly, finances, investing,
nest egg, pension, poverty,
retirement, and saving.

Words in the neutral category: aluminum, elevator, lemonade, nephew, rose, sailboat, trumpet, and waltz.



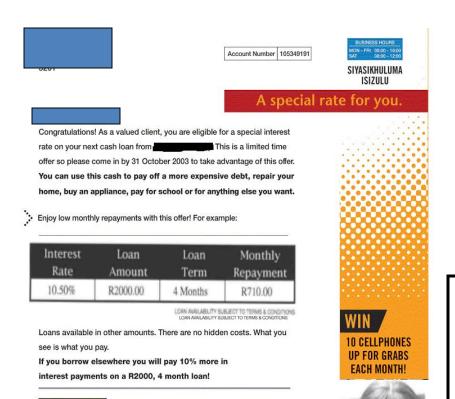
Financial Inhibition Level

(Gutierrez & Hershey, 2013)





What's Advertising Content Worth? Evidence from a Consumer Credit Marketing Field Experiment (Bertrand, Karlan, Mullainathan, Shafir, Zinman; *Quarterly Journal of Economics*, 2010)



How to apply:

2003 and ask for

Bring your ID book and latest payslip to your usual branch, by 31 October

PS: Unfortunately, if you have already taken a loan since the date this letter was issued, you do not qualify for this offer

To extend your deadline, call 0860 333 0004 or SMS 0860 222 334.

Behavioral ("Marketing") Manipulations:

- # of loan examples shown
 - subtle peripheral cues; photos

Some results:

1 vs. 4 examples: ~ 2.3 percent. points

For males: female picture = \sim 3.2 points

The economist [analyst, activist, FinTech expert, anybody..] may attempt to ignore psychology, but it is sheer impossibility for him to ignore human nature... If the economist [policy analyst, activist, FinTech expert..] borrows his conception of man from the psychologist, his constructive work may have some chance... But if he does not, he will not thereby avoid psychology. Rather, he will force himself to make his own, and it will be bad psychology.

John Maurice Clark, Journal of Political Economy, 1918

Thank you!

Pareto optimality (a basic principle of welfare economics):

Assumption: More is better

In fact: More -- but relatively less -- can be bad.

Why? Relative, rather than absolute, evaluations...

2-tier welfare law

Assumption: Move to seek higher welfare

In fact: Just as likely to move to lower-benefit states

Why? Safety, family contacts, job opportunities

(CA family of 3: \$565; Mississippi \$120...)

Attitude towards management of homeless patients in emergency departments...





Frequent visits & high dissatisfaction

Common concern: If experience quality is high, will return for all wrong reasons Other possibility: Have disturbing problems; will stop coming if satisfied...

of subsequent visits: ~1/3 lower for Compassionate rather than Conventional care (~2.5 visits / patient / year; p. < .02)

[&]quot;A randomized trial of compassionate care for the homeless in an emergency department." Redelmeier, D., Molin, J-P., Tibshirani, R.J. *The Lancet.*

Payday Loans, a debt trap...

Extremely high interest; Repeated loans

Access to such loans (Melzer, 2011):

- increases difficulty of paying bills
- increases delays medical / dental care, etc.

Extremely popular: More payday loan & check cashing stores nationwide than McDonald's, Burger King, Sears, J.C. Penney, and Target stores combined!

People have suggested: Culture. Education. Self-control.



20 rounds

"Rich": 50 sec / rnd (1000 sec total)

"Poor":15 sec / rnd (300 sec total)

No borrowing vs. High Interest Borrowing

